

In the United States, the 41st parallel forms the border between Wyoming and Utah, Wyoming and Colorado, and Colorado and Nebraska.

## EXAMPLE 6 Analyzing Hours of Daylight

The graph shows how the hours of daylight vary at any location on the 41st parallel in the northern hemisphere. Describe this pattern.


## SOLUTION

There are four critical points on the graph.

- Summer solstice: This day corresponds to the greatest number of hours of daylight at any location in the northern hemisphere.
- Winter solstice: This day corresponds to the least number of hours of daylight at any location in the northern hemisphere.
- Spring \& autumn equinox: On these 2 days, every location in the northern hemisphere receives equal amounts of daylight and darkness- 12 hours of daylight and 12 hours of darkness.

This pattern is called a sine wave or a sinusoid. It continuously oscillates above and below a mean value.


## $\sqrt{ }$ Checkpoint

Help at Math.andYOU.com
Describe other occurrences in nature that can be modeled by a sine wave. Explain your reasoning.

